

ANIMAL FARM

Journal
Questions
Ch. 1-5

Propaganda Techniques

Copy the following three 'propaganda' techniques into your Lit Terms (beneath satire, fable, and allegory from the AF notes).

Slogan – This is a “catchy” saying that is easy to remember (but is often over-simplified and therefore inaccurate).

Repetition – When a message is “drummed” into a listener’s brain, it tends to be remembered.

Appeal to the fears of an audience – If you don’t do a certain thing (or think a certain way), something that you fear very much will happen to you.

#1-3 From current news, advertising, or media (*not the novel*) – provide a specific example of each of the following:

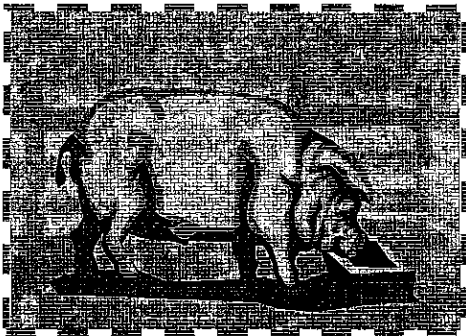
- a slogan
- the use of repetition
- appealing to the fears of an audience

Identifying the Facts

Copy down and underline the following questions. Respond briefly in complete sentences.

#4 According to Old Major, why is Man the enemy of the animals? What does Old Major urge the animals to do?

#5 What “bad habits” on Major’s list do not appear in the Commandments?



#6 During the first summer after the Rebellion, why are the animals so happy? Identify the specific ways in which their lives have improved.

#7 Describe the Battle of the Cowshed. What (normally) human ceremonies do the animals carry out to celebrate their victory afterwards?

#8 Although Commandment 7 states that “all animals are equal”, certain inequalities quickly become noticeable. Identify at least four of these inequalities that appear before Snowball’s exile.

#9 Identify the important changes that take place at Animal Farm after Snowball’s expulsion.

OVER ->

COMPLETE
ONLY THE
FOLLOWING
QUESTIONS

1st period → #1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 16, 19, 20, 21

2nd period → #1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 13, 17, 19, 20, 21

3rd period → #1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21

4th period → #1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21

6th period → #1, 2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21

Interpreting Quotes

Copy down each quote and highlight it. Provide the **context** of the quote (who, what, where, when, about what/whom, in response to, just before, etc.). Then, explain the literal **meaning** of the quote. Finally, discuss the **significance** of the quote. Does it have a deeper meaning? Is there irony to be explained? Does it foreshadow something? Does it reveal something about a character's personality or desires? Does it connect with a theme from the novel? Why might Orwell have chosen the wording he did? Write until you run out of brain juice for each quote. Responses should be a minimum of five sentences.

#10 "When they came back in the evening it was noticed that the milk had disappeared."

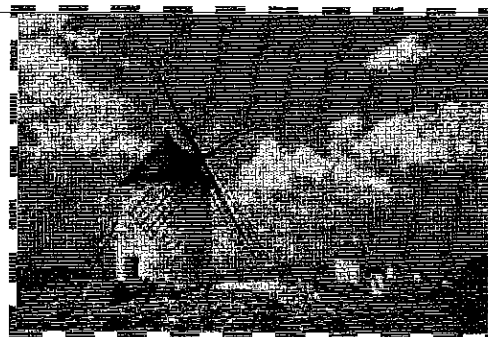
#11 "With their superior knowledge, it was natural that they should assume the leadership."

#12 "Nobody stole, nobody grumbled over his rations."

#13 "The importance of keeping the pigs in good health was all too obvious."

#14 "The only good human being is a dead one."

#15 "It had come to be accepted that the pigs should decide all questions of farm policy."



#16 "But sometimes you might make the wrong decisions, comrades, and then where should we be?"

#17 "Several of them would have protested if they could have found the right arguments."

#18 "Tactics"

Propaganda Techniques (cont.)

Refer back to the three techniques from #1-3 for these final questions.

#19-21 From the novel, provide a quoted (provide page numbers) example of each of the following:

- a slogan
- the use of repetition
- appealing to the fears of an audience